

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL INFORMATION
OFFICER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE,
OLD PUBLIC OFFICES, BANGALORE.

Press Note.

SUB-EMPLOYMENT OFFICE AT MYSORE.

The Assistant Director, Resettlement and Employment in Mysore, Bangalore, has notified for the information of the employers and employment seekers that a Sub-Employment Office has been opened at Mysore to cater for the needs of those residing in the Districts of Mysore, Hassan and Mandya. Employers are specially requested to make the best use of the National Employment Service Organisation and to canalise their recruitment through the Employment Exchange. The employment seekers residing in the Districts mentioned above are requested to approach the Sub-Employment Office, No. 9, Yelwal Road, Mysore, for employment assistance.

(P. N. No. 179-1-11-1951.)

Press Note.

In continuation of the Notification No. 9301-51-52, dated 28th August 1951, issued by the Controller of Civil Supplies and Chief Cement Rationing Authority in Mysore, relaxing the Cement Control Order in the State by permitting the licensed Cement Stockists at Bangalore City including Bangalore North and South Taluks and Civil Station to sell cement to *bona fide* consumers within their jurisdiction up to one ton (20 bags) during the month, freely without permits, as a tentative measure for a period of two months from 1st September 1951, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that in view of further improvement in the supply position of cement in the above places, the above concession is further relaxed and the licensed cement stockists at Bangalore City including Bangalore North and South Taluks and Civil Station, Bangalore, are permitted to sell cement to *bonafide* consumers within their jurisdiction up to fifty bags during the month without permits, as a tentative measure for a period of two months with effect from 1st November 1951.

(P. N. No. 180-2-11-1951.)

Press Note.

*Food Offences during the Fortnight ended with
15th October 1951.*

1. BANGALORE CORPORATION.

Seven persons of Civil Station and one of the City were convicted and sentenced to fines ranging from Rs. 3 to Rs. 20, for unauthorised transport of rationed foodgrains.

For illegal hoarding of rationed food articles, one person of the City was convicted and sentenced to simple imprisonment till the rising of the Court with a fine of Rs. 50.

For running catering establishments unauthorisedly, two persons of the City were convicted and sentenced to simple imprisonment till the rising of the Court and to pay a fine of Rs. 25 each.

A retailer in IX Division, Bangalore City, was fined Rs. 200 for certain misappropriation of rationed foodgrains, besides levy of penal rate for the quantity so misappropriated.

For nonreplenishment of stocks in time, a licensee of IV Division, Civil Station, was administered a warning.

For incurring heavy shortages in sugar, a licensee of III Division, Civil Area, was fined Rs. 25 besides levy of penal rate for 90 5/8 lbs. of sugar found short.

A fuel licensee of II Division, Bangalore City, was administered warning for issue of fuel in excess of the scale fixed to the ration card holders.

For not opening his firewood shop for sales on 18th August 1951 without obtaining permission, a licensed fuel dealer of VII Division, Bangalore City, was warned.

A licensee of IV Division, Civil Area, was fined Rs. 30 for certain grave irregularities in the issue of fuel.

2. THE CITY OF MYSORE.

One Depot Licensee was fined Rs. 50 for issuing cheques towards the cost of commodities supplied to him without having sufficient funds at his credit in the Bank.

(P. N. No. 181-5-11-1951.)

Press Note.

*Instructions to Patels and Shanbhogs regarding
General Elections.*

Government have made it clear to all Shanbhogs and Patels in the State that they are expected, during the coming General Elections, to conduct themselves as not to give room for the slightest suspicion that they are favouring any party or any candidate and that any Shanbhog or Patel found violating this rule of conduct and canvassing in any manner in favour of any candidate will render himself liable to stern disciplinary action. Suitable instructions have been issued to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts to cause a notice to this effect served on all Shanbhogs and Patels in their respective areas and to bring immediately to the notice of Government cases of violation of this rule of conduct.

(P. N. No. 182-5-11-1951.)

Press Note.

There is a keen demand from the public for the two Representation of the People Acts of 1950 and 1951 and the Rules issued thereunder and the order delimiting the Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies in Mysore. These publications are sold by the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, or by book-sellers dealing with the publications of the Government of India, but so far they were not available at Bangalore or the other District Headquarters. Arrangements are now made to stock and sell these at the Government Central Book Depot at Bangalore. A local book-selling firm—the S.S. Book Emporium, Mount Joy Road, Basavangudi, Bangalore, also sells these publications.

(P. N. No. 183-5-11-1951.)

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Press Note.

Under the Part "B" States Laws Act, 1951, the Administrator-General's Act, 1913 (Central Act III of 1913) and the Official Trustees' Act, 1913 (Central Act II of 1913) have been extended to the Mysore State from 1st April 1951. The Government of Mysore have accordingly created the posts of an Administrator-General and Official Trustee and Deputy Administrator-General and Deputy Official Trustee and have appointed the present Registrar and Deputy Registrar of the High Court of Mysore to those posts until further orders.

The two enactments concerned, *viz.*, the Administrator-General's Act and the Official Trustees' Act are advantageous to the public in several ways and the scope of those enactments is therefore explained in this Press Note.

The Administrator-General and the Official Trustee constitute each a corporation sole with perpetual succession.

Administrator-General:—The greatest advantage the public would derive if the Administrator-General is appointed executor or if he applies for probate or letters of administration is that he is not required to furnish any security. But it is not so in the case of a private administrator as the Courts always insist on security before probate or letters of administration is granted. The Administrator-General may be appointed executor of a will just as a private person may be and such a course is advantageous as the Administrator-General is free from the necessity of finding any security for his acts of administration and he can proceed with his petition for probate immediately. It would be a great convenience to the Administrator-General if persons who either nominate or intend to nominate him as executor would kindly notify him of the fact.

The effect of probate or letters of administration granted to the Administrator-General is that such a grant affords full indemnity of all debtors paying their debts and all persons delivering up the assets belonging to the deceased to the Administrator-General.

Official Trustee:—Similarly the Official Trustee may be appointed to administer a trust in any of the following cases:—

1. A person intending to create a trust (a settlor) may appoint the official trustee, trustee of any property.

Thus, the Official Trustee may be appointed trustee for the debenture holders of a limited liability company, trustee of a settlement made upon marriage or one made